





| Program: All Programs. | Course name: Media |
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| Academic level: fourth. | Research Methods |
| Semester: First Semester - Second | Course Code: COM 203 |
| Semester | |
| Number of credits: Theoretical: (2) Practical: | Specialization: |
| (1) | |

Targeted Learning Outcomes:

a. Information and concepts:

A / 1 Get to know the concept of scientific research and its most prominent features and characteristics. A/2 Describe the areas of media research, and current and future developments in the field of public relations and advertising. A/3 Mention the characteristics and types of samples. A/4 Recognize the uses of the survey method, its application, and the steps of conducting quantitative research. A/5 Mention the uses of content analysis. A/6 Recognize the methods and qualitative methods in media research. A/7 Mention the characteristics and characteristics of the scientific report of the research. A/8 Describe the steps for conducting scientific research in the field of basic research. A/9 Learn about applied research conducted by research companies and public relations and advertising agencies.

B. mental skills:

B\1 Compare between scientific thinking and ordinary thinking. B\2 Select the appropriate sample and size. B/3 Plans to conduct a research using different methods.

B/4 Differentiate between qualitative methods and techniques in media research and when they are used, by applying them to issues related to current events. B/5 Analyzes the survey sheet he is conducting, gets rid of the results and writes the report. B/6 analyzes the elements and steps of conducting scientific research in the field of media research with a focus on the field of public relations and advertising. B/7 concludes the appropriate methodological design for the research issue. B\8 differentiates between data collection tools while distinguishing the characteristics of different tools, quantitative and qualitative and their uses. B\9 Analyzes the elements of applied research conducted by public relations and research companies and deduces the stages of preparation and implementation. B/10 Analyzes the strengths and weaknesses of the survey method and the content analysis method.

c. Professional skills:

C/1 formulates a research problem. C / 2 prepares a research plan for one of the issues related to public relations or advertising. C/3 applies each type of media research. C/4 designs a survey form. C/5 formulates the objectives of the research and is able to develop the main questions for a research project. C/6 applies the survey method to a research issue he chooses and chooses the study population and sample. C/7 He is able to collect data about an imaginary organization in which he works and uses this to support the reputation of the organization and serve its interests. C/8 applies the elements and steps of the scientific research he studied to the applied research conducted by the public relations companies and agencies under study. C/9

Able to use databases to collect scientific studies related to a research topic or issue in the field of specialization.

Dr.. General skills:

D.1 The Internet is used to collect information. D\2 write a research report. D/3 works in a team work. D/4 discusses the questionnaire newspaper that he designed. D/5 Uses the official websites of business organizations to collect information and use it in planning a research project. D/6 Provides a critical view of the applied studies conducted by public relations and research companies. D/7 works under pressure. D/8 It compares scientifically and methodically between the research curricula under study. D/9 compares the fields of basic research and applied research.

Content:

- 4/1 The concept of scientific research, its steps and fields.
- 4/2 variables and levels of measurement.
- 4/3 Research design and theoretical interventions, traditional and digital media studies.
- 4/4 Social research methods (such as: survey, experimental, case study).
- 4/5 Tools and means for collecting quantitative data.
- 4/6 Means and methods of qualitative data collection.
- 4/7 mid-semester exam.
- 4/8 Study population, samples and types.

- 4/9 The survey method, questionnaire sheet, and sample presentation
- 4/10 Quantitative methods (content analysis, a model) qualitative methods (discourse analysis, a model).
- 4/11 focus group discussions.
- 4/12 In-depth interviews and unstructured interviews.
- 4/13 applied models (eg: Edelman Annual Survey, Weber Shandwick Agency Research.
- 4/14 Writing a research report and schools of scientific writing.
- 4/15 end-of-semester exam.

Teaching and learning methods:

- 1- Lecture 2- Discussion 3- Presentations 4- Divide students into work teams 5- Practical field applications
- Evaluation and Evaluation System:
- $7 / A \setminus 1$ mid-semester written test $7 \setminus A \setminus 2$ tuition costs $7 \setminus A \setminus 3$ Discussion and participation $7 \setminus A \setminus 4$ Written test at the end of the semester.